

This guide is designed to provide you with advice and a breakdown of essential lawn care tasks to keep your outdoor spaces healthy, vibrant, and well-maintained throughout the year. From seasonal tips on mowing and fertilising to advice on weed control and pest prevention. Whether you're a seasoned gardener or just starting, our guide ensures your lawn stays lush and beautiful year-round.

## **OUR SERVICE**

- LAWN MOWING
- SCARIFICATION
- LAWN FEED
- WEED CONTROL
- MOSS CONTROL



## **SPRING LAWN CARE (MARCH TO MAY)**

## **KEY FOCUS:**

REVIVE YOUR LAWN AFTER WINTER AND PREPARE IT FOR THE GROWING SEASON.

## TASKS: RAKE AND REMOVE DEBRIS:

CLEAR FALLEN LEAVES, TWIGS, AND DEAD GRASS TO ALLOW SUNLIGHT TO REACH THE SOIL.

## **AERATE COMPACTED SOIL:**

USE A GARDEN FORK OR AN AERATOR TO LOOSEN COMPACTED AREAS AND IMPROVE AIRFLOW TO THE ROOTS.



## **APPLY NITROGEN-RICH FERTILISER:**

FEED YOUR LAWN WITH A SPRING FERTILISER TO ENCOURAGE HEALTHY GROWTH.

## **OVERSEED BARE PATCHES:**

SPREAD GRASS SEED OVER ANY THIN OR BALD AREAS TO ACHIEVE A LUSH, EVEN LOOK.

## **START MOWING:**

BEGIN CUTTING THE GRASS ONCE IT STARTS GROWING,
ENSURING YOU DON'T CUT MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE BLADE
HEIGHT.

## PRO TIP:

IF MOSS IS A PROBLEM, USE A SCARIFIER TO REMOVE IT AND IMPROVE LAWN HEALTH.



## **SUMMER LAWN CARE (JUNE TO AUGUST)**

#### **KEY FOCUS:**

MAINTAIN A HEALTHY, GREEN LAWN DURING THE WARMER MONTHS AND PREVENT STRESS FROM HEAT AND DROUGHT.

## **TASKS:**

## WATER DEEPLY, BUT INFREQUENTLY:

WATER YOUR LAWN EARLY IN THE MORNING, ONCE OR TWICE A WEEK, ENSURING MOISTURE REACHES DEEP INTO THE ROOTS.

## **RAISE YOUR MOWING HEIGHT:**

AVOID CUTTING THE GRASS TOO SHORT; LEAVE IT SLIGHTLY LONGER TO PROVIDE SHADE FOR THE SOIL AND REDUCE WATER LOSS.



#### **WEED CONTROL:**

REGULARLY REMOVE WEEDS MANUALLY OR USE SPOT WEED
TREATMENTS TO PREVENT THEM FROM OVERTAKING YOUR LAWN.

## **FERTILISE CAREFULLY:**

USE A SUMMER-SPECIFIC FERTILISER, BUT AVOID OVER-FERTILISING, WHICH CAN SCORCH YOUR LAWN IN HOT WEATHER.

## **CHECK FOR PESTS:**

WATCH FOR SIGNS OF LAWN PESTS LIKE LEATHERJACKETS OR CHAFER GRUBS AND TREAT THEM PROMPTLY.

## PRO TIP:

INSTALL A WATER BUTT TO COLLECT RAINWATER FOR ECO-FRIENDLY LAWN IRRIGATION DURING DRY SPELLS.



## **AUTUMN LAWN CARE (SEPTEMBER TO NOVEMBER)**

## **KEY FOCUS:**

REPAIR AND PREPARE YOUR LAWN FOR WINTER WHILE ENCOURAGING STRONG ROOT GROWTH.

## TASKS RAKE FALLEN LEAVES:

REMOVE LEAVES AND DEBRIS REGULARLY TO PREVENT SMOTHERING THE GRASS AND REDUCE THE RISK OF FUNGAL DISEASES.

## **AERATE THE SOIL:**

AERATE THE LAWN TO IMPROVE DRAINAGE AND HELP ROOTS ACCESS AIR AND NUTRIENTS.



## **APPLY AUTUMN FERTILISER:**

USE A LOW-NITROGEN, HIGH-POTASSIUM FERTILISER TO STRENGTHEN THE GRASS FOR THE COLDER MONTHS AHEAD.

## **OVERSEED THE LAWN:**

RESEED ANY WORN OR DAMAGED AREAS TO REPAIR YOUR LAWN
AFTER HEAVY SUMMER USE.

## **SCARIFY TO REMOVE THATCH:**

USE A SCARIFIER OR RAKE TO REMOVE MOSS AND THATCH, WHICH CAN BUILD UP OVER THE SUMMER.

## PRO TIP:

TOPDRESS YOUR LAWN WITH A MIX OF SAND, SOIL, AND COMPOST AFTER AERATION TO IMPROVE SOIL STRUCTURE AND DRAINAGE.



## WINTER LAWN CARE (DECEMBER TO FEBRUARY)

## **KEY FOCUS:**

PROTECT YOUR LAWN FROM FROST DAMAGE AND REDUCE STRESS DURING THE DORMANT SEASON.

## TASKS: MINIMISE FOOT TRAFFIC:

AVOID WALKING ON THE GRASS DURING FROSTY OR WET CONDITIONS TO PREVENT SOIL COMPACTION AND GRASS DAMAGE.

## **CLEAR DEBRIS:**

REGULARLY REMOVE FALLEN BRANCHES, LEAVES, AND OTHER DEBRIS TO KEEP THE LAWN TIDY AND REDUCE THE RISK OF DISEASE.



# KEEP THE GRASS TRIMMED (IF NEEDED): MOW OCCASIONALLY ON A DRY DAY IF THE GRASS GROWS, BUT KEEP THE MOWER BLADES SET HIGH.

## **IMPROVE DRAINAGE:**

CHECK FOR WATERLOGGED AREAS AND ADDRESS THEM WITH AERATION OR DRAINAGE SOLUTIONS IF NECESSARY.

## PREPARE FOR SPRING:

CLEAN AND MAINTAIN TOOLS LIKE MOWERS AND SCARIFIERS SO THEY'RE READY FOR THE GROWING SEASON.

## PRO TIP:

AVOID APPLYING FERTILISERS IN WINTER AS THE GRASS IS DORMANT. FOCUS ON PLANNING YOUR SPRING CARE ROUTINE INSTEAD.